SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Stronghold Plus; Revolution Plus

Other means of identification

Synonyms Selamectin / Sarolaner * TopCat

Recommended use Veterinary product used as antiparasitic; endectocide

Recommended restrictions Not for human use

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name (US) Zoetis Inc.

10 Sylvan Way

Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 (USA)

Rocky Mountain Poison

and Drug Center

1-866-531-8896

Product Support/Technical

Services

1-800-366-5288

Emergency telephone

numbers

CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

Company Name (EU) Zoetis Belgium S.A.

Mercuriusstraat 20 1930 Zaventem

Belgium

Emergency telephone

number

International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

Contact E-Mail VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsSerious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazaro

rdous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 1

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long

Category 1

lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	hemical name Common name and synonyms		<u></u>	
Isopropyl alcohol		67-63-0	60-80	
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether		34590-94-8	5-30	
Selamectin		220119-17-5	6	
Sarolaner	Isoxazoline	1398609-39-6	1	
Butylated hydroxytoluene		128-37-0	##	

Composition comments

Trace

In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. For breathing

difficulties, oxygen may be necessary.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting without

advice from poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or

is having convulsions.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause respiratory irritation. Mild skin irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide,

sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Highly flammable. Vapors may ignite. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Ensure adequate ventilation, Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the contaminated area. Use water spray to disperse vapors and dilute spill to a nonflammable mixture. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Small Spills: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment, Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so, Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Highly flammable. May be ignited by open flame. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke, Avoid release to the environment.

Also, Industrial use: Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. < 30C/86F. Protect from sunlight. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Also, Industrial use: Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

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Components	Туре	Value
Sarolaner (CAS 1398609-39-6)	TWA	110 μg/m³
Selamectin (CAS 220119-17-5)	TWA	200 μg/m³

Components		Type			Va	alue	
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)		PEL			60	00 mg/m3	
					10	00 ppm	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)		PEL			98	30 mg/m3	
07-00-0)					40	00 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold L	imit Values						
Components		Type			Va	alue	Form
Butylated hydroxytoluene (CAS 128-37-0)		TWA			2	mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Dipropylene glycol methylether (CAS 34590-94-8)		STEL			15	50 ppm	
		TWA			10	00 ppm	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)		STEL				00 ppm	
		TWA			20	00 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guid	le to Chemical I	Hazards					
Components		Туре			Va	alue	
Butylated hydroxytoluene (CAS 128-37-0)		TWA			10) mg/m3	
Dipropylene glycol methylether (CAS 34590-94-8)		STEL			90	00 mg/m3	
					15	50 ppm	
		TWA			60	00 mg/m3	
					10	00 ppm	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)		STEL			12	225 mg/m3	
					50	00 ppm	
		TWA			98	30 mg/m3	
					40	00 ppm	
ogical limit values							
ACGIH Biological Expos Components	sure Indices Value		Determinant	Speci	men	Sampling Ti	me
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l		Acetone	Urine		*	
* - For sampling details, p	lease see the so	urce docu	ment.				
osure guidelines							
US - California OELs: SI	=						
Dipropylene glycol m US - Tennessee OELs: \$	•		-8) Ca	n be absorbe	ed throu	ugh the skin.	
Dipropylene glycol m US ACGIH Threshold Li				n be absorbe	ed throu	ugh the skin.	
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)		-8) Ca	Can be absorbed through the skin.				

Ex

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Control banding approach Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation normally adequate.

Industrial use: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Not normally needed. If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Industrial use: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves.

Industrial use: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Not normally needed.

Industrial use: Wear suitable protective clothing. Impervious protective clothing is recommended if

skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations.

Respiratory protection No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Industrial use: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL. Chemical respirator with organic

vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

Color Clear, colorless to pale yellow

Odor Alcohol.

Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point 381.2 °F (194 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 183.2 °F (84 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 66.2 °F (19.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Insoluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Not explosive. **Explosive properties**

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Not oxidizing. **Oxidizing properties** 0.82 - 0.85Specific gravity

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Contact with incompatible materials. Sunlight. Keep away from heat, spark, open flames and other Conditions to avoid

sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the product's decomposition.

Strong oxidizing agents. Combustible material. organic materials. Acids. Isocyanates. Chlorine.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged

inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and

dermatitis.

Result: Irritation Isopropyl alcohol

Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Species: Rabbit

Severity: Mild

Selamectin Species: Rabbit

Severity: Minimal

Butylated hydroxytoluene Species: Rabbit

Severity: Moderate

Sarolaner Species: Rabbit

Severity: Non-irritating

Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Isopropyl alcohol Result: Irritation

Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Species: Rabbit

Severity: Mild

Selamectin Species: Rabbit

Severity: Mild

Sarolaner Species: Rabbit

Severity: Minimal

Butylated hydroxytoluene Species: Rabbit

Severity: Moderate

Material name: Stronghold Plus; Revolution Plus

Ingestion Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. May be harmful if

swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational

exposure.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. May cause respiratory irritation. Mild skin irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be harmful if swallowed.
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Acute toxicity	May be harmful if swallowed.				
Components	Species	Test Results			
Butylated hydroxytoluene (CAS 128-37-0)					
<u>Acute</u>					
Intraperitonea					
LD50	Mouse	138 mg/kg			
Oral					
LD50	Mouse	650 mg/kg			
	Rat	1700 mg/kg			
<u>Chronic</u>					
Oral					
LOAEL	Mouse	2000 mg/kg, 4 days Liver Kidney Ureter Bladder			
	Rat	5185 mg/kg, 4 weeks Liver			
Dipropylene glycol methy	yl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Dermal					
LD50	Rabbit	9510 mg/kg			
Inhalation					
Vapor					
LC50	Rat	> 3.35 mg/l, 7 hours (No deaths)			
Oral					
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg			
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 6	67-63-0)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Dermal	D 11.7	40000 #			
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg			
Inhalation	D-4	40000 0			
LC50	Rat	16000 ppm, 8 hours			
_		30 mg/L			
Oral	Maria	0000			
LD50	Mouse	3600 mg/kg			
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg			
<u>Chronic</u>					
Inhalation					
NOAEL	Rat	4000 ppm, 20 weeks (Liver, Central nervous system)			
Sarolaner (CAS 1398609	9-39-6)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Dermal	D (
LD50	Rat	> 2020 mg/kg			
Oral	D (700 #			
LD50	Rat	783 mg/kg			

Material name: Stronghold Plus; Revolution Plus

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Components **Species Test Results Subacute** Oral **NOAEL** Rat 2.5 mg/kg/day, 14 days (Adrenal gland) 2.2 mg/kg/day, 30 days (Adrenal gland, Ovary, Liver) **Subchronic** Oral NOAEL Rat 25 mg/kg/day, 90 days (Adrenal gland, Ovary, Pancreas) Selamectin (CAS 220119-17-5) **Acute** Oral LD50 Mouse > 1600 mg/kg Rat > 1600 mg/kg Subchronic Oral **NOAEL** Dog 40 mg/kg/day, 3 months [Target organ(s): None identified] Rat 5 mg/kg/day, 3 months [Target organ(s): Liver] Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Corrosivity Isopropyl alcohol Result: Irritation Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild Species: Rabbit Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Severity: Mild Species: Rabbit Selamectin Severity: Minimal Irritation Corrosion - Skin Sarolaner Result: Non-irritant Species: Rabbit Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation. irritation **Eye Contact** Isopropyl alcohol Result: Irritation Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild

Selamectin Species: Rabbit

Severity: Mild

Sarolaner Species: Rabbit

Severity: Minimal

Butylated hydroxytoluene Species: Rabbit

Severity: Moderate

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer. Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

Selamectin GPMT

Species: Guinea Pig Severity: Negative

Sarolaner LLNA

Species: Mouse Severity: Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Mutagenicity

Sarolaner Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames)

Result: Negative

Species: Salmonella, E. coli

Isopropyl alcohol Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames)

Result: Negative Species: Salmonella

Selamectin Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames)

Result: Negative Species: Salmonella

Sarolaner In Vitro Chromosome Aberration

Result: Negative

Species: Human Lymphocytes

Selamectin In Vitro Cytogenetics

Result: Negative

Species: Human Lymphocytes

Sarolaner In Vitro Micronucleus

Result: Negative

Species: Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells

In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange

Result: Negative

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether In vitro tests

Result: Negative

Selamectin In Vivo Micronucleus

Result: Negative Species: Mouse

Sarolaner In Vivo Micronucleus

Result: Negative Species: Rat

Selamectin Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity

Result: Negative

Species: Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells HGPRT

Isopropyl alcohol Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity

Result: Negative

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Species: HGPRT Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Butylated hydroxytoluene (CAS 128-37-0) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Material name: Stronghold Plus; Revolution Plus Version #: 01 | Issue date: 11-26-2018

Developmental effects

10 mg/kg/day Prenatal & Postnatal Development, Selamectin

Developmental toxicity

Result: NOAEL Species: Rat

Isopropyl alcohol 1200 mg/kg/day Prenatal & Postnatal Development, No

effects at maximum dose

Result: NOAEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral

Sarolaner 3 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development, Maternal Toxicity

Not Teratogenic Result: NOAEL Species: Rabbit Organ: Oral

3.2 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development, Maternal toxicity

Not teratogenic Result: NOAEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral

Selamectin 40 mg/kg/day Prenatal & Postnatal Development, Maternal

> **Toxicity** Result: NOAEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral

6 g/kg Embryo / Fetal Development, Teratogenic Butylated hydroxytoluene

Result: LOEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral

Isopropyl alcohol 7000 ppm Prenatal & Postnatal Development, Maternal

toxicity, Fetotoxicity, Embryotoxicity

Result: LOAEL Species: Rat Organ: Inhalation

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Not teratogenic

Reproductivity

Selamectin 10 mg/kg/day Reproductive & Fertility, Fetotoxicity

Result: NOAEL Species: Rat

1000 mg/kg/day 2 Generation Reproductive Toxicity, Isopropyl alcohol

Maternal Toxicity, Fetal mortality

Result: LOAEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard**

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment,

Material name: Stronghold Plus; Revolution Plus

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Components		Species	Test Results
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67	'-63-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Sarolaner (CAS 1398609-	39-6)		
Aquatic			
Algae	EC50	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Alga)	> 0.27 mg/L, 72 Hours (ErC50)
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna (Water Flea)	0.27 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	> 0.54 mg/L, 96 Hours
Selamectin (CAS 220119-	17-5)		
	EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum (Green Alga)	> 763 ug/L, 72 Hours
	LC50	Cyprinodon variegatus (Sheepshead Minnow)	> 28 ug/L, 48 Hours
		Mysidopsis bahia (Mysid Shrimp)	28 ng/L, 96 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna (Water Flea)	26 ng/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout)	266 ug/L, 96 Hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product. As with other members of the avermectin family, selamectin is highly toxic to fish and certain aquatic organisms. However, once in contact with soil, it is tightly bound and does not readily desorb. It is unlikely to reach groundwater and is also biodegradable by soil microflora.

Biodegradability

Percent degradation (Aerobic biodegradation)

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Result: Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential No data available for this product. Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Sarolaner 3.25

Selamectin 3.1, [Measured, Log P]

Mobility in soil No data available for this product.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in

accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Industrial use: Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is

recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations

ns Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code Industrial use: Waste of this product may qualify as a RCRA Hazardous Waste. Status should be

confirmed by testing for RCRA hazardous characteristics (i.e. corrosivity, toxicity, reactivity, or ignitability). The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and

the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Industrial use: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1219

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Other information: See "excepted quantity" provisions if applicable.

IATA

UN number UN1219

UN proper shipping name Isopropanol Solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk
Packing group ||

Environmental hazards Yes (Selamectin, Isoxazoline) > 5L or 5 Kg

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information: See "excepted quantity" provisions if applicable.

IMDG

UN number UN1219

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Other information: See "excepted quantity" provisions if applicable.

Transport in bulk according to

Not established.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

For small quantities packed in combination packaging, exceptions may apply. See "excepted quantity" provisions if applicable. Marine pollutant requirements apply only to quantities >5 Liters for liquids / >5 Kilograms for solids (per inner package) when shipped as per IMDG or ADR (effective year 2015 or greater) regulations. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information. Transport according to the requirements of the appropriate regulatory body.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical nameCAS number% by wt.Isopropyl alcohol67-63-060-80

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

Low priority

US state regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

California Proposition 65

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	No

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) No

New Zealand Inventory No

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances No

(PICCS)

Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

No

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 11-26-2018

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it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).