Amneal Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd.

Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
Product Information			
Product name	Injection (10 or 40 mg/ml)		
Version	0.0, 03/15/2016		
Jurisdiction	This Safety Data Sheet was prepared for the jurisdiction USA.		
Active substance	Triamcinolone Acetonide		
Synonyms	Sterile Triamcinolone 0Acetonide Suspension USP; Kenalog-10 Injection; Kenalog-40 Injection		
Product Uses	This material is a finished drug product for patient use. This material is used to provide relief of inflammatory and pruritic skin conditions.		
Company/Undertaking I	dentification		
Address	amneal PHARMACEUTICALS		
	Amneal Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd. New Jersey United States of America		
Emergency Phone Number	91-2714-671600 For all international transportation emergencies call Collect calls accepted.		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIO	V
Emergency Overview	
Appearance	liquid: white to off-white, suspension
Signal Word	Warning!
Hazard Statements	Teratogen May be harmful to fetus. Reproductive toxicant Target Organs: adrenal glands, bone, muscle, gastrointestinal tract, immune system, eyes, nervous system, skin, female reproductive organs, (embryo/fetus).
Precautionary Measures	Avoid ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye contact. Wash hands after handling to minimize exposure. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Pregnant or nursing women should avoid exposure. Prevent release to the environment.
Potential Health Effects	
Eyes	Possible mild eye irritant
Skin	Rapidly absorbed through skin., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking., May be harmful if absorbed through skin.
Ingestion	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Target Organs	adrenal glands, bone, muscle, gastrointestinal tract, immune system, eyes, nervous system, skin, female reproductive organs, (embryo/fetus)

Signs and Symptoms	Chronic: muscle weakness, muscle pain, bone fractures, infection, oedema, headache, difficulty sleeping, vertigo, restlessness, euphoria, mental disturbance, depression, anxiety, mood changes, seizure disorders, nosebleeds, cough, fever, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, gastrointestinal disturbance, sore throat, dry mouth, taste disturbance, speech difficulty, congestion, redness and swelling of eyes, vision changes, facial swelling, skin thinning, acne, redness and swelling of skin, hives, bruising, superficial burning sensation, tingling.
Medical conditions aggravated include:	diabetes, Liver disorders, infection, immunodeficiency, hypertension, myasthenia gravis, osteoporosis, peptic ulcer, psychotic disorders, colitis, kidney disorders
Environmental Effects	Refer to Section 12

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Components	Concentration	CAS-No.	
Hazardous components			
Triamcinolone Acetonide	1 - 4 %	76-25-5	
Other ingredients			
Water	90 - 100 %	7732-18-5	
Sodium Carboxymethylcellulose	<1 %	9004-32-4	
Tween 80	<1 %	9005-65-6	
Benzyl alcohol	<1 %	100-51-6	
Hydrochloric acid	<1 %	7647-01-0	
Sodium Chloride	<1 %	7647-14-5	
Sodium Hydroxide	<1 %	1310-73-2	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Obtain medical attention.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Consult a physician if necessary. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
Notes to physician	This material is a finished drug product for patient use. This material is used to provide relief of inflammatory and pruritic skin conditions. This product may cause: muscle weakness, muscle pain, bone fractures, infection, oedema, headache, difficulty sleeping, vertigo, restlessness, euphoria, mental disturbance, depression, anxiety, mood changes, seizure disorders, nosebleeds, cough, fever, nausea, vomiting, anorexia, gastrointestinal disturbance, sore throat, dry mouth, taste disturbance, speech difficulty, congestion, redness and swelling of eyes, vision changes, facial swelling, skin thinning, acne, redness and swelling of skin, hives, bruising, superficial burning sensation, tingling, increase in blood pressure, Cushing's syndrome, electrolyte disturbance, hyperglycemia, adrenocortical insufficiency, withdrawal symptoms, osteoporosis, bone effects, menstrual irregularities, sperm abnormalities, cataracts, glaucoma, nose changes, otitis, peptic ulcer, psychotic disorders, pancreatitis, changes in white blood cell parameters. Organs effected may include: adrenal glands, bone, muscle, gastrointestinal tract, immune system, eyes, nervous system, skin, female reproductive organs, (embryo/fetus).	

I FIRST AID MEASU	VRES (continue)
Notes to physician	Medical conditions aggravated include: diabetes, Liver disorders, infection, immunodeficiency, hypertension, myasthenia gravis, osteoporosis, peptic ulcer, psychotic disorders, colitis, kidney disorders. This product has been reported to interact with the following medications: diuretic, cyclosporine, immunosuppressants, NSAID (non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs), drug metabolized by cytochrome P-450, drugs that cause hyperglycemia, oral hypoglycemic drugs, neuromuscular blocking agents, fluoroquinoline antibiotics, certain vaccines, drugs that inhibit cytochrome P-450. Refer to Section 11. Pregnant or nursing women should avoid exposure.
Medical Surveillance	A pre-placement physical examination and history for employees with potential exposure to this compound is recommended. Baseline testing would include: Pre-placement:, blood glucose test, a complete blood count with differential. Based on opportunity for exposure and duration of exposure a periodic follow-up examination may be considered. Employees, who are pregnant, are breast-feeding, or who are concerned with other reproductive issues should be encouraged to consult with the occupational health physician monitoring worker's health.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
Flammable Properties	Not available	
Extinguishing Media	Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, Water spray, Foam	
	Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do NOT use water jet.	
Protection of Firefighters	Specific hazards: Teratogen skin absorption hazard Protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Hazardous Combustion Products: carbon oxides, hydrogen halides	
Other information:	Decontaminate protective clothing and equipment before reuse. Heating can release hazardous gases. HCl gas can form flammable or explosive mixtures with alcohols or metals.	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
Personal precautions	Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Use personal protective equipment. Examples include tightly fitting safety goggles, disposable lab coat of low permeability with cuffs, double gloves and shoe covers. Wear respiratory protection. Depending on the nature of the spill (quantity and extent of spill) additional protective clothing and equipment such as a self-contained breathing apparatus may be needed.		
Environmental precautions	Prevent release to drains and waterways. Prevent release to the environment.		
Containment Methods	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).		
Cleanup Methods	Contain and collect spillage and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Clean spill area with a deactivating solution (if available) followed by detergent and water after spill pick-up. Handle waste materials, including gloves, protective clothing, contaminated spill cleanup material, etc., as appropriate for chemically and pharmacologically similar materials.		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Storage Conditions	Store at room temperature. (20 - 25°C) Protect against light. Avoid freezing.	
Container Requirements	Store in sturdy containers appropriate to maintain the integrity of this material for its intended use.	

Exposure limit(s)	Company	ACGIH	OSHA	NIOSH
1	Guideline			
Triamcinolone - Acetonide	1 μg/m3 (Skin), Developme Toxicity	 ntal		-
Benzyl alcohol				
Sodium Hydroxide		2 mg/m3 Ceiling	2 mg/m3 TWA	2 mg/m3 Ceiling 10 mg/m3 IDLH
Hydrochloric acid		2 ppm Ceiling	5 ppm Ceiling 7 mg/m3 Ceiling	5 ppm Ceiling 7 mg/m3 Ceiling 50 ppm IDLH
Exposure Control Band	4	iamcinolone Acetonide The established company ontrol Band 4 (range 1 -20		ls within Exposure
Bristol-Myers Squibb Exp Guidelines Summary	M gu	iamcinolone Acetonide aterials require particular c iideline should protect emp		
	an	d/or adverse effects of this		
Recommended Industrial Monitoring Methods	Hygiene Co La	ontact the Bristol-Myers Squboratory at 732-227-7368. formation on medical surve	uibb AIHA accredited See Section 4 "Notes t	Industrial Hygiene
	Hygiene Co La in W ve ne set lir co	ontact the Bristol-Myers Sq. boratory at 732-227-7368.	quibb AIHA accredited a See Section 4 "Notes the sellance. The section is a clinical setting, seffic engineering controller quantities, such as in the are is below the recommendation is generated, use puther engineering controller.	Industrial Hygiene to Physician" for good room ls should not be a manufacturing nended exposure process enclosures,
Monitoring Methods Engineering Controls and Ventilation	Hygiene Co La in W ve ne sei lin co lev Re oc res	ontact the Bristol-Myers Square aboratory at 732-227-7368. formation on medical surveinen handling small quantit ntilation is desirable. Speceded. When handling largetting, ensure worker exposinit. If significant aerosol (intainment technology, or other surveinent technology), or other technology.	quibb AIHA accredited and See Section 4 "Notes the sellance. ies in a clinical setting, selfic engineering control er quantities, such as in the properties of the recommendation of the selfic engineering control and the selfi	good room Is should not be a manufacturing nended exposure process enclosures, Is to keep airborne of this material. If the r an appropriate rol exposures to below
Monitoring Methods Engineering Controls and Ventilation	Hygiene Co La in W ve ne set lir co lev Re oc re: the rej	ontact the Bristol-Myers Sontact the Bristol-Myers Sontact the Bristol-Myers Sontactory at 732-227-7368. In the formation on medical survers the handling small quantity in tilation is desirable. Specification, ensure worker exposing the ensure worker exposing the following properties of the properties of the properties of the transfer of the transf	drug. quibb AIHA accredited of See Section 4 "Notes the cellance. ies in a clinical setting, sific engineering control er quantities, such as in the is below the recommendation is generated, use puther engineering control exposure limit. required for normal use (OEL) is exceeded, wear factor sufficient to control edamage to organs through the control of the con	Industrial Hygiene to Physician" for good room Is should not be a manufacturing nended exposure process enclosures, Is to keep airborne of this material. If the r an appropriate tol exposures to below ough prolonged or
Monitoring Methods Engineering Controls and Ventilation Respiratory protection	Hygiene Co La in W ve ne set lir co lev Cre tha rep Cr sp	ontact the Bristol-Myers Squboratory at 732-227-7368. formation on medical surveillation is desirable. Specieded. When handling largeting, ensure worker exposinit. If significant aerosol (intainment technology, or ovels below recommended expiratory protection is not cupational exposure limit (spirator with a protection for eOEL. Note: May cause beated exposure if inhaled.	drug. quibb AIHA accredited of See Section 4 "Notes the cillance. lies in a clinical setting, sific engineering control er quantities, such as in the cillance is below the recommendation of the regimeering control engineering control engineerin	Industrial Hygiene to Physician" for good room Is should not be a manufacturing nended exposure process enclosures, Is to keep airborne of this material. If the r an appropriate rol exposures to below bugh prolonged or then potential for mended. Please note
Monitoring Methods Engineering Controls and Ventilation Respiratory protection Eye protection	Hygiene Co La in W ve ne set lin co lev Re oc res the re Ch sp Im	ontact the Bristol-Myers Square and the Bristol-Myers Square and the Bristol-Myers Square and the Bristol-Myers Square and the Bristol Special Square and the Bristol Square and the Br	quibb AIHA accredited of See Section 4 "Notes the cillance. The sees in a clinical setting, seffic engineering control the er quantities, such as in the community is generated, use puther engineering control exposure limit. The required for normal use OEL) is exceeded, wear factor sufficient to control ending the damage to organs through the control of	Industrial Hygiene to Physician" for good room a should not be a manufacturing mended exposure process enclosures, a stokeep airborne of this material. If the ran appropriate to exposures to below ough prolonged or then potential for a mended. Please note ex should use nitrile

1ppearance	
Physical State	liquid
Color	white to off-white
Form	suspension
Descriptive properties	
Molecular Weight	Not available
Molecular formula	Not applicable
Bulk density	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Hydrolysis/Photolysis	Not available
Hygroscopicity	Not available
Log Octanol/Water Partition	Not available
Coeff [log Kow]	
Surface Tension	Not available
Odor	Not remarkable.
Odor Threshold	Not available
pН	5 - 7
pKa	Not available
Particle Size	Not available
Solubility, Water	Soluble
Specific Gravity/ Relative density	y 1.015
Viscosity	similar to water
Thermal/Stability properties	
Autoignition temperature	Not available
Boiling Point	100 °C
Thermal decomposition	Not available
Explosive Limits, LEL	Not available
Explosive limits, LEL	Not available
Explosiveness	Not available
Flammability	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Melting Point	0 °C
Oxidizing Potential	Not available
Vapor Properties	
Vapor Density	(Air =1): If adequate temperatures caused material to volatize, its vapor density would be much greater than 1. (Heavier than air)
Vapor Pressure	Not available
Saturated Vapor Concentration	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVIT	Y
Stability	
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	Not available
Incompatible products	Not available
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.: carbon oxides, hydrogen halides
Hazardous reactions	Not available
Sensitivity to static discharge/Du	ist exp.
Summary Statements	not applicable

Routes of Entry	Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact		
Eye irritation	Triamcinolone Acetonide Possible mild eye irritant Triamcinolone Acetonide Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. skin thinning		
Skin irritation			
Respiratory Irritation	Triamcinolone Acetonide May cause irritation of respiratory tract.		
Sensitisation	Triamcinolone Acetonide Not a dermal sensitizer Allergic contact dermatitis is quite rare but has been reported.		
Acute Toxicity Study	Acute Oral Triamcinolone Acetonide Oral LD50(mouse): 5,000 mg/kg		
	Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) Triamcinolone Acetonide LD50 (rat, subcutaneous): 13.1 mg/kg LD50 (mouse, subcutaneous): 132 mg/kg LD50 (mouse, Intraperitoneal): 105 mg/kg		
Repeated dose toxicity	toxicity Triamcinolone Acetonide Assessment Repeat Dose Toxicity Several studies were conducted. Results from these studies in multiple species were generally similar with respect to target organs and effects. See Section 11 Target Organs and Symptoms for a description of effects.		
Genetic Toxicity	Triamcinolone Acetonide in vitro Ames reverse-mutation assay negative Forward gene mutation assay negative Mutagenicity Assessment Several studies were conducted. The weight of evidence demonstrates that this material is not genotoxic.		
Carcinogenicity	Triamcinolone Acetonide 104 Weeks Oral rat study: [tumor organs: liver] positive 104 Weeks Oral rat study: NOAEL = 0.001 mg/kg No treatment-related tumors were observed. 104 Weeks Oral mouse study: NOAEL = 0.003 mg/kg No treatment-related tumors were observed. Carcinogenicity Assessment Several studies were conducted. The results were negative and positive. Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.		

1. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Continued)						
Carcinogenicity	ACGIH	OSHA	NTP	IARC		
Triamcinolone Acetonide						
Reproductive Toxicity	menstrual irregularit	uctive Toxicity conducted. May imposes . Paternal effects	air fertility. Maternal of include: sperm abnorr xicity" for information	nalities See "Human		
Developmental Toxicity	studies. Compound	icity Assessment cal studies were condu may be toxic during ea	cted. Birth defects we arly embryonic develop be excreted into the m	pment. Teratogen		
·	fractures, infer euphoria, men disorders, nose disturbance, se	conide apeutic use - Sympton ction, oedema, headac tal disturbance, depres beleeds, cough, fever, ore throat, dry mouth,	ns: muscle weakness, r he, difficulty sleeping, ssion, anxiety, mood ch nausea, vomiting, anor taste disturbance, spee	vertigo, restlessness, nanges, seizure rexia, gastrointestinal		
Target Organs	<u>Triamcinolone Acetonide</u> adrenal glands, bone, muscle, gastrointestinal tract, immune system, eyes, nervous system, skin, female reproductive organs					
Symptoms	<u>Triamcinolone Acetonide</u> See "Human Experience".					
Other Toxicity Information	Not available					
	This MSDS may conta					

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information (Aquatic)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Triamcinolone Acetonide

EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 H) : > 100 mg/l

Ecotoxicological Information (Terrestrial)Not available

Chemical fate information

Biodegradation

Triamcinolone Acetonide

Ultimate aerobic biodegradation (28 D) : 3 %; Not Readily Biodegradable - unlikely to undergo rapid biodegradation in the environment

Summary Statements

Aquatic toxicity

Experimental data indicate low potential for acute harm to aquatic invertebrates

Chemical Fate

Not readily biodegradable.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Advice On Disposal And Packaging	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements. This information presented only applies to the material as supplied.
Other information	Disposal by incineration is recommended.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

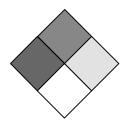
This material is not a dangerous good for the purpose of transportation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATIO	N		
United States of America			
OSHA Hazard Classification	Teratogen, Target Organs.		
313 Toxic Release Inventory. Listed Chemicals/Compounds	No components listed on the SARA 313 inventory.		
TSCA Inventory	Not listed. Food, drug and cosmetic products are exempt from TSCA.		
International			
Canada			
WHMIS	This product is not regulated under the Hazardous Products Act and Controlled Products Regulations. This product, however, may have significant health hazard and could meet the criteria for: D2A Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects		
DSL/NDSL	yes		
Mexico			
Mexico Classification	Health classification - Serious Hazard - 3 - Substances that can cause serious or permanent harm under emergency conditions		
Europe			

EINECS/ELINCS Number	Triamcinolone Acetonide: 200-948-7
	Water: 231-791-2
	Benzyl alcohol: 202-859-9
	Sodium Chloride: 231-598-3
	Sodium Hydroxide: 215-185-5
	Hydrochloric acid: 231-595-7
R-phrase(s)	Medicinal products are exempt from classification and labeling requirements under EU Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

MSDS preparation informa					
Prepared by	Corporate Qua	Corporate Quality, Environmental Health & Safety 1-732-227-7380			
Prepared on	02/15/2016	02/15/2016			
	This Safety Data Sheet has been revised. This MSDS has been				
	reformatted in a new electronic system. This da			et contains changes	
	from the previous	: All.			
HMIS	Health		2*		
	Flammability		Not Determined (ND)		
	Reactivity		Not Determined (ND)		
	Personal protective equipment		See Section 8.		
NFPA					
	Health	2			
	Fire	ND	ND		
	Reactivity	ND	2	2770	
	Special	ND	2	ND	
			ND		

End of Safety Data Sheet



The information contained in this MSDS is believed to be accurate and represents the best information

reasonably available at the time of preparation. However, we make no warranty, express or implied, with respect

to such information. and we assume no liability from its use.